

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE
UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

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EDITION

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7,000 TRUCKMEN STRIKE; LONGSHORMEN MAY JOIN

MEXICO HIRES LAWYERS TO DEFEND THREE WORKERS IN BOMB FRAME-UP

"Want to Prevent Sacco-Vanzetti Case," Is Reason Given by Consul General

Giving as its reason a desire to "prevent a repetition of the Sacco-Vanzetti case," the Mexican government, thru its consul general yesterday appeared in court to defend the three young Mexican workers, who, with two Porto Ricans and one Cuban, have been held incommunicado since early Monday in an effort to make them "confess" to a charge of bombing the Brooklyn court house.

Frueauff, Robinson and Sloan of 67 Wall Street, legal advisors to the Mexican consulate, are the lawyers who have taken charge of the case which friends of the young Latin-American workers have branded as a brazen frame-up.

Cuba Not Interested.

The vice-consul of the Cuban government yesterday told a reporter for THE DAILY WORKER that "it is not interested" in Eugene Fernandez, the 26-year-old Cuban laborer who is among those who are being held by the police authorities.

When informed that a subject of Cuba was being held incommunicado, deprived of the right of counsel, and being subjected to constant grilling, the Cuban official declared that "as long as the prisoner was not being

treated worse than an American" he could see no reason for intervening.

Hearing Sept. 14.

This morning the lawyer for the Mexican consulate, Robert Wilson, succeeded in winning an adjournment until September 14 for his clients.

Wilson told THE DAILY WORKER that the young Mexican workers had been in the United States for periods ranging from four to seven years. All have worked regularly and have never before been arrested.

Only One "Witness."

He declared that only one witness has been mustered by the police thus far in the attempt to make out a case against the young Latin-Americans, and he being a "voluntary" witness.

Seek Indictment.

Meanwhile the district attorney was striving for early indictments, at the same time communicating with the Department of Labor in an effort to ascertain whether or not they made illegal entry into the United States.

Beside the collection of wiring, electric batteries and other equipment which the defendants explained were used for the making of toys for sale,

(Continued on Page Two)

Current Events

By T. J. O'Flaherty

If police were not able to unearth a "plot" occasionally, they would be obliged to disturb their brain power with the problem of employment at some other occupation calling for either physical or mental labor or both. This observation is called forth by the sensational stories appearing in the capitalist press relative to the arrest of six Latin Americans on suspicion of being responsible for the recent bombing of a Brooklyn court house.

SINCE the explosions in two New York subways on the eve of the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti the police have been busy trying to fasten the responsibility on some person or persons. The same tactics used by William J. Burns in the Wall Street explosion are now followed by New York detectives in the recent bombing scares. Suspected anarchists are being framed, arrested and third-degree. Materials for the manufacture of explosives are conveniently found at their addresses and their guilt is already assumed by the hireling scribblers of the capitalist press.

IT is needless to restate our opposition to the method of individual terror as a means of abolishing the capitalist system or even improving the living conditions of the workers. Communists are against such methods because they are futile, and granting that recent bombings in Manhattan and in Brooklyn were the work of propagandists of the deed no sane revolutionist could find language sufficiently vigorous to express appropriate condemnation of such action. The subways are chiefly patronized by workers and it is inconceivable that anybody professing zeal for the emancipation of the workers from wage slavery should believe that the cause could be helped by destroying a little capitalist property at the risk of destroying the lives of hundreds of workers.

BUT no worker who has followed the methods employed by Burns in the Wall Street explosion case, and the many historical frame-ups that have made this country infamous throughout the proletarian world will believe that the men arrested by the police in Brooklyn are guilty of the crime for which they are being grilled in prison. There is a rumor current among railwaymen that the subway explosions were due to mechanical defects in underground equipment. It is generally believed now that the Wall Street explosion was accidental and resulted from the collision of a Dupont powder wagon with another vehicle, but this clue was never traced. On the other hand hundreds of suspected radicals were arrested and Burns received thousands of dollars from frightened bankers for his fake investigations.

THREE dead and two injured is the casualty list of a shooting affair in an uptown office over a real estate deal in which the pistol-toter considered himself "whiskered" or eased out of a bunch of easy money. The participants in the shooting bee were all safe, sane and conservative citizens.

(Continued on Page Six)

THE WORKERS DESPISE THEM

By Fred Ellis



BEN GITLOW, CLOSING CONVENTION DECLARES THE WORKING CLASS IN THIS COUNTRY WILL BE VICTORIOUS

"Our Party accepts the leadership of the Communist International," declared Benjamin Gitlow, making the closing address of the Fifth National Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party. Gitlow had acted as chairman through the closing session.

Continuing, Gitlow said: "Under that leadership (the Communist International) we will enter the struggle of the working class. Under that leadership we are confident that in the near future in this country the working class will be victorious."

Benjamin Gitlow said: "Comrades, this marks the close of the Fifth National Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party. We leave this convention more consolidated and more unified than ever before in the history of our Party. This convention was convened at a time when the ruling class in the United States saw fit to execute two members of the working class on account of their loyalty to the working-class."

Judge Burns agreed and dismissed the indictments, which were against J. Louis Engdahl, William F. Dunne, editors, Alex Bittelman, Bert Miller, business manager, David Gordon, and Joseph Kalar, contributors to THE DAILY WORKER.

The dismissal of the indictments does not mean that the case is closed. The testimony of THE DAILY WORKER STAFF before the Grand Jury last week is now being considered by that body as the basis of new indictments.

It is expected that the federal attorney will not permit the subsequent

(Continued on Page Two)

Minor and Browder to Speak in Brooklyn

The Chinese revolution is in a critical stage of its development. The reactionaries, capitalist imperialism, all together are trying to smash the workers and peasants revolution, which is rapidly pushing forward. The problems facing China and Russia will be discussed by Earl R. Browder and Robert Minor at a mass meeting, held tonight at Royal Palace, 16 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

By Fred Ellis

DEMAND EIGHT-HOUR DAY, WAGE INCREASE; TIE-UP CITY FREIGHT

Dock Workers Refuse to Handle Goods for the Scab-Operated Trucks

Seven thousand truckmen went on strike yesterday morning and almost completely tied up the movement of freight in the city. The prospect of a sympathy strike by longshoremen is indicated. Such a strike would prevent all incoming freight from leaving the docks.

The waterfront yesterday was desolated with only a few non-union trucks occasionally passing by. The bosses have admitted that the strike has been unusually effective, paralyzing the entire city.

The strikers who are members of locals 282 and 897 of the Teamsters' Union are striking for an eight-hour day and an average wage increase of \$5 a week.

Longshoremen Join Struggle.

Longshoremen yesterday refused to load trucks along West and South streets that were being driven by scabs and there appeared to be a strong possibility that the piers along the water front would be jammed with freight which could not be moved. The sailing of many boats will undoubtedly be delayed if the strike continues.

A \$25,000 fund will be used by the Merchant Truckmen's Bureau, the bosses association, in an attempt to break the strike. Seventy-five percent of the trucking companies in the city are affiliated with the Bureau.

Long Negotiations.

For the last three weeks negotiations have been going on between the

union and the bosses. When the union saw that it was impossible to come to terms with the trucking companies it voted for the strike at a crowded meeting held at Beethoven Hall, 210 East 10th St. After a lengthy discussion the strike vote was passed unanimously.

The agreement between the union and the bosses expired on September 1. The bosses demanded that the new agreement include a cut in wages. To this the workers put in a counter-demand for more pay.

Wage Increase Asked.

The strikers demand \$45 a week instead of \$40 that they now receive and an eight-hour day with \$1.20 for overtime in place of \$1 under the old contract.

Commercial trucking is at a standstill throughout New York City and many parts of New Jersey. The union said that they would not interfere with the movements of produce to and from the markets in New York.

Approximately 800 trucks of the United States Trucking Company, a like number of the Merchant Trucking Bureau and from 200 to 3,000 independents were tied up by the giant walk-out.

MORE FASCISTS SAIL FOR LEGION CONVENTION ON SIX SHIPS TODAY

L'Humanite Calls Legionnaires Accomplices In Sacco-Vanzetti Murder

Twenty-five hundred legionnaires out the entire world workers fought who sailed yesterday on five Cunard liners for the American fascist convention in Paris on Sept. 19th, will be met with huge protest demonstrations by French workers when they arrive in Paris. French labor is united in its fight to bring the American fascists, who slink along the Paris streets heavily guarded by the gendarmes, obliging provided at the orders of the Poincaré government, ready to forget very soon.

In France, and particularly in Paris, the protest movement against the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti assumed considerable proportions; the majority, the great majority, of the population of Paris expressed its indignation against the brutal murder at Boston. And Paris is not ready to forget very soon.

"Members of the American Legion have actively sided with the murderers."

Then follows the text of an article by John Dos Passos, American novelist, which says:

Legion Aids Murder.

"Alvan Osley, ex-commander of the American Legion, and William McGinnis, commander of the legion in Massachusetts, have congratulated Governor Fuller and offered him the services of the American Legion in case of 'trouble'."

The article closes with an appeal urging workers and peasants of France to help bar the legion convention. The appeal says:

"The workers and peasants of France refuse to be fooled by the masquerade of the Sept. 19th affair as a celebration of 'the friendship of peoples of France and of the United States.'

"The workers and peasants of France have no friendship for the murderers of Sacco and Vanzetti."

Party Comrades In Needle Trades Meet

At Plaza Tomorrow

All members of the Workers (Communist) Party who belong to the needle trades unions must attend a special meeting tomorrow night right after work, in the Victoria Room at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place. Important questions will be acted upon.

BEN GOLD, HYMAN TO SPEAK AT BIG 'GARDEN' MEETING

Oscar Mileaf Released From Workhouse

Louis Hyman and Ben Gold will head the speakers' list at the monster cloak and dressmakers' meeting next Saturday at Madison Square Garden that is being held by the New York Joint Board.

Other speakers will be: Joseph Borochowitz, Julius Portnoy, Rose Wortis and a representative of the shop chairmen's council. Charles B. Zimmerman will preside.

The question of rebuilding the union on a real working class basis will be discussed at the meeting. The scab-herding tactics of the Sigma clique will be exposed by the speakers. A tremendous outpouring of workers from the shops will be a testimonial of the strength of the joint board leadership.

Oscar Mileaf Released From Jail. Oscar Mileaf militant needle trades worker was released from the Welfare Island workhouse yesterday morning, where he served six months.

(Continued on Page Five)

BRITISH TRADE UNION CHIEFS BOSSES' TOOLS AT EDINBURGH

EDINBURGH, Sept. 7.—The records the beginning of the end. Pravda records the following two points: First, by comparing the trade union membership at the time of the Bourne-mouth Congress with the membership represented by the present congress it is seen to have decreased 200,000. This is the result of the new Trade Union Act and the strikebreaking tactics of the General Council.

Secondly, this strikebreaking trend of the leaders of the congress by no means reflects the sentiments of the masses. The strikebreaking mood which is firmly rooted in the leading quarters of the British trade union movement was clearly expressed on the very first day of the congress. While dissatisfaction and hatred are growing amidst the masses who painfully seek for an issue from the trade union impasse the leaders have already found an escape for themselves.

Strikebreaking Leadership.

Hicks' speech on strikebreaking was

(Continued on Page Two)

British Trade Union Chiefs Bosses' Tools

(Continued from Page One) towards the right. Thus the circle is completed.

Council Americanized.

The General Council is being Americanized and, under such conditions, it will not be astonishing if the congress resolves to break with the Soviet Union trade unions in order to satisfy the British bourgeoisie.

Hicks, having made a terrible speech against Moscow now appears before the working class of Britain and the whole world in his natural strikebreaker's aspect.

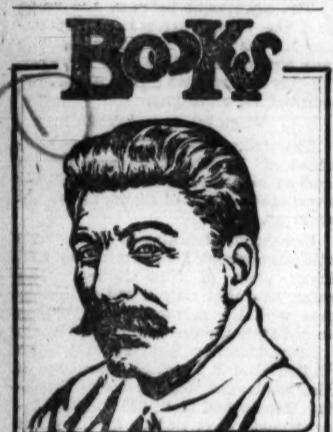
Credit must be given to the German reformist bosses; they know that Hicks will make a worthy chairman of the Amsterdam International. There is reason to believe that he will not be less of a scoundrel than Thomas, former chairman of the Amsterdam International.

Hicks has not yet spoken his last word. Nor has the British working class yet spoken them.

Levine Flight Delayed.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—Charles D. Levine, who is planning to fly back to America in the monoplane Columbia, was forced to abandon his intention of leaving today because of unfavorable weather. The Cranwell aerodrome, where the start is to be made, was wreathed in mist and a heavy rain was falling.

THINK OF THE SUSTAINING FUND AT EVERY MEETING!



By JOSEPH STALIN

Leader of the Russian Communist Party and a close co-worker of Lenin.



BOLSHEVISM — Some Questions Answered

Answers to ten questions submitted by the students of the University and the tasks of the Russian Communist Party and the policy towards the peasantry.

—25

THEORY AND PRACTICE OF LENINISM

A new edition of a book destined to remain a classic of Communist literature.

—35

LENINISM VS. TROTSKYISM

(Written in collaboration with Kameniev and Zinoview.)

—30

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Will Censor Press In Spain Without Regard to Legality

MADRID, Sept. 7.—A strict censorship on all political news critical of the fascist dictatorship of Spain will be exercised by the censorship bureau, it was announced today by Premier Primo de Rivera, who is staying at San Sebastian.

The dictator declared that the benefits which Spain derives from the present dictatorship "are so clear and self-evident, that it is the government's duty to defend these benefits energetically, without compunction or consideration for their legality or illegality."

The dictator said that the national legislature would open soon and would permit the expression of opinion of all voices "except those which have been forever silenced, the voices of the dishonest politicians who, on account of their lack of efficiency, negligence of duty and corruption, were a sore spot in Spain for many years."

It is expected that the announced censorship will be applied with special severity to Communist and syndicalist organizations.

Right Wing Norwegian Labor Leader Shocked At U. S. Labor Reaction

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 7.—It is interesting to note the opinion of an old country conservative labor leader of the American trade unions. In Nordisk Tidende for Aug. 25th is published an interview with Alfred Løkkenberg of Norwegian Central Union for Printers. Løkkenberg, it appears, is visiting his son who lives in Brooklyn. One reading the article can see he is not a radical. When he was asked if he knew anything about American trade unionism and wherein it differed from the Norwegian, he said:

"There is in my opinion a pointed difference. While at home we carry on an intense agitation among the outsiders to make them class conscious by sending out agitators, etc. Here they believe trade unions are for the chosen few who have a monopoly on being union men. At least I know it is very difficult to join the union. I don't know the reason and am not discussing the matter in that way, but it seems to me there must be something wrong."

Jimmy Walker Still On Tour of Europe; Spends Great Night at Cabaret

VENICE, Sept. 7.—Never was Mayor Walker more at home than last night—during the entire time since he left New York on his much-advertised European tour. He and Mrs. Walker were the guests of Princess die San Faustino in a cabaret here. The dancing was continued until 5 in the morning.

In the afternoon the musical-comedy mayor of the American metropolis arrived at the bathing beach where he remained for several hours. He was togged out in his usual jazzy style.

WORLD TOURISTS' TRIP TO SOVIET UNION OCT. 14TH

To Reach Moscow Before Nov. Celebration

Three members of the group of American tourists who returned from the Soviet Union on the steamship "Gripsholm" Labor day were especially enthusiastic about the manner in which Moscow theatres are conducted. If their plans materialize, the same system of training will soon be introduced in the more serious theatres of the United States.

The training for actors differs from that employed by schools in this country in that it consists entirely of actual work in a series of well-known productions before relatively small audiences. Every theatre in Moscow, for example, has a school or "studio" connected with it. People wishing to go on the stage apply for admission to the studio in the fall and are at once assigned roles in one or another of the classical plays current in Russia.

Thorough Training.

The theatre in which the studio students give performances is usually a former private house of one of the Russian nobles. The attendance, of course, is very small, but despite the fact that the play is put on by amateurs, tickets are always very much in demand and usually quite difficult to obtain. The price of a ticket does not vary greatly from that charged in the bigger theatres.

The period of try-out is a long one and the training very thorough. In time the students are advanced to the larger theatres. As a result, no one gets on the stage of a Moscow theatre who is not a finished actor of considerable experience. The same educational experience is employed in connection with the Opera House.

One of the tourists, especially interested in artistic productions, who has been following the Little Theatre movement in this country with keen interest, remarked that the Soviet Union theatres were a revolution. The points she stressed were the complete and almost incredible harmony of stage-setting, color, light, music, singing and acting. The effect was overwhelming, she said:

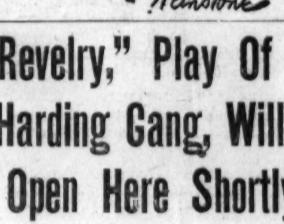
Arrange Second Tour.

World Tourists, Inc., now engaged in arranging the second tour to Soviet Union, announces that the fall tour, sailing October 14th will reach Soviet Union in time to participate in the celebrations of the tenth anniversary of the Russian Revolution, among which the stage productions of the Moscow Art Theatre and other theatres will be a prominent part. Tourists will thus be afforded an opportunity to judge for themselves the efficacy of the unique systems of training employed by the Russian theatres.

Inquiry at the office of the World Tourists, Inc., at 69 Fifth Avenue, New York, establishes the fact that there are still a number of reservations open. Those interested in this and other phases of the new culture in Soviet Russia are urged to make immediate inquiries should they wish to accompany the tour.

In the afternoon the musical-comedy mayor of the American metropolis arrived at the bathing beach where he remained for several hours. He was togged out in his usual jazzy style.

CONVENTION FACES AN INTERESTED WORKER IN THE AUDIENCE



"Revelry," Play Of Harding Gang, Will Open Here Shortly

Whether the police department of New York approves of it or not, the play "Revelry" which was suddenly discontinued in Philadelphia will open here at the Theater Masque, 250 West 45th St., either next Friday or Monday night.

This statement was made yesterday at the offices of the Chanin Theater Corporation which, together with the Robert Productions, Inc., is producing the play.

Tells of Ohio Crooks.

"Revelry" is a dramatization of the novel of the same name by Samuel Hopkins Adams. It was put into theatrical form by Miss Maurine Watkins, author of "Chicago." The book contains a scathing expose of Warren Harding and the principal actors in his corrupt regime. In a thinly disguised way it tells the scandalous story of the Teapot Dome steal and other piracies committed by the Ohio gang.

The play was practically suppressed in Philadelphia after threats had come from the Quaker City police and various respectable bodies.

Young Workers to Hold Stunt Night in South Slavic Hall, Cleveland

CLEVELAND, Sept. 7.—The North Side Branch of the Young Workers' League of Cleveland announces a stunt night and social on Saturday night, Sept. 10, at South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., at 7 o'clock.

We are arranging for several talented performers on the program, including singers and dancers, and have engaged an excellent accordionist for dance music.

Delicious home-made refreshments will be served and admission will be free.

There will be lots of young people at this affair, so that we can expect a lot of pep. We are asking all North Side workers and young workers to keep this date open and come to this affair, which will be the most successful of its kind this season. A good time is guaranteed to everyone.

Have Paid Your Contribution to the Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund?

BOLIVIANS FORCE NEW SOVIET SPY INSTRUCTIONS

Try to Lay Big Inca Revolt to Moscow Gold

LA PAZ, Sept. 7.—The imperialist documents go merely on. Since the "false Zinoviev letter," the "documents" found in the Arcos and Pekin raids, the latest discovery is a series of forgeries said to have been purloined from the Soviet embassy in Paris. The Bolivian legation in Paris has forwarded them to the Siles government here in an effort to shift the responsibility for the recent outbreak of the oppressed Indians and peasants from the government's shoulders to those of the "Soviets." Incidentally the Siles group which is not as strong as it would like to be is desirous of discrediting Bolivian leaders who are attempting to rectify the almost unbearable conditions under which the Indians and peasants suffer as serfs on the great plantations or as peons in the mines.

Horrific "Red Plots" Revealed.

One of the documents which is "signed" by Nikolai Bucharin, President of the Communist International and by Secretary-General Zalkind, are directed to a "Comrade Martinez" of the "Latin American section" instructing him to go at once to La Paz and put himself at the head of our organizations and agencies.

Another "find" is addressed to "comrade Daftian" in Paris and instructs "comrade Daftian" to deliver 1,000,000 francs to "comrade Martinez" who is on his way to Bolivia where he is to put himself at the head of the nefarious business of overthrowing the Bolivian government.

Police Pretext.

One paragraph in the "Daftian" letter commands "Martinez" to set up a business house in La Paz in order more successfully to carry on propaganda among the natives. The paragraph is so evidently a forged pretext for the police to invade Soviet commercial houses throughout the world after the manner of the Arcos raid that even the capitalist press cannot take it seriously.

Equally ridiculous are the instructions for Martinez to devote his attention "preferably to propaganda and organization" in a country where he is supposedly delegated to begin a revolution. These forgeries constitute the most childish attempt yet perpetrated by the feverish brains of the imperialists.

The publication of the forgeries coincides with the arrest of several more of the Bolivian progressive leaders and the alleged seizure of explosives of a "formidable potency." The exact nature of the explosives is jealously withheld by the Siles government.

Other arrests and discoveries are momentarily expected since the government is facing a revolutionary situation among the Indians and peasants of menacing proportions and in the late rebellion has shown itself unable to control the insurrection.



IMPERIALISM

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By L. LENIN

THIS book, a classic of communist literature, was written, (as Lenin explains in his introduction) to help the reader to understand the fundamental economic question without the study of which modern war and politics are unintelligible.

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EMPIRE
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GIL AND THE GERMS
OF WAR
—.10

LABOR LIEUTENANTS
OF AMERICAN
IMPERIALISM
—.10

By Jay Lovestone

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NEW YORK

First Nitrate Sale Chile to U. S. S. R. Since World Carnage

SANTIAGO, Chile, Sept. 7.—The Chilean press announces that a Soviet representative, Leon Brakeman, has purchased in Valparaiso at the beginning of August 15,000 tons of super-refined nitrates; 8,000 tons were bought from the Lautaro company and 7,000 tons from the Guggenheim concern. The papers report that negotiations are under way for further purchases.

The "Nacionan," now official government organ says:

"It will be understood that this operation is of an incalculable importance as it signifies a new market for our principal product, of which Russia did not buy anything since the world war."

Labor Council Refuses Speaker to Los Angeles Sacco-Vanzetti Meeting

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 7.—The Central Labor Council of Los Angeles, evidently regretting its decision to join with the Sacco-Vanzetti Conference three weeks ago in a huge demonstration at the Plaza, turned down an invitation to send a speaker to the memorial meeting held last week. The reactionaries made a little attack on the radicals and progressives because of the "intervention" of the "leftists" recent inroads on the "conservative respectability" of the council, especially against Delegates Schneiderman, Uhrskov and Rosenblatt, who spoke in favor of having the council represented at the memorial meeting. One of the reactionaries stated he feared "bombs" would be thrown at the meeting, which would reflect upon the Central Labor Council. He seemed to sincerely believe those bedtime stories about bombs. John Horn, one of the "labor leaders" of Los Angeles, recently stated that Sacco and Vanzetti were nothing but highway robbers, and didn't deserve any sympathy from the labor movement. Even his conservative friends were shocked at his brazenness.

POLICE PRETEXT.

One paragraph in the "Daftian" letter commands "Martinez" to set up a business house in La Paz in order more successfully to carry on propaganda among the natives. The paragraph is so evidently a forged pretext for the police to invade Soviet commercial houses throughout the world after the manner of the Arcos raid that even the capitalist press cannot take it seriously.

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News from the U.S.S.R.

The First Paraffin Works in the USSR.
The first paraffin works in the USSR has started in Grozno. The first supply of paraffin is already out.

With the beginning of the operation of this factory imports of paraffin have been stopped.

New Collective Agreements.

The workers' and employees' organizations conclude collective agreements with the various administrations.

The Tragic Case of SACCO and VANZETTI

In Special Features in the New September Issue of the

New Masses

HEYWOOD BROUN

The noted columnist of "The New York World" writes on "The Case of Sacco and Vanzetti."

MICHAEL GOLD

describes the city of Boston during the most exciting time.

JAMES RORTY

contributes a poem on Sacco-Vanzetti.

ART YOUNG

has drawn one of his brilliant cartoons.

OTHER FEATURES

on varied subjects—drawings, cartoons, articles and stories by noted writers and artists.

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A dramatic eye-witness' account of a six months' stay in China, as a member of the International Workers' Delegation, during which the author visited over 40 cities and towns, during the period of the Chiang Kai-shek split. With original documents and photographs.

CHINA AND AMERICAN IMPERIALIST POLICY

By Earl R. Browder.—A picture of the role of America in the Chinese Revolution.

(\$2.00 a hundred in bundle lots.)

CHINA IN REVOLT

A discussion on China by outstanding figures in the Communist International.

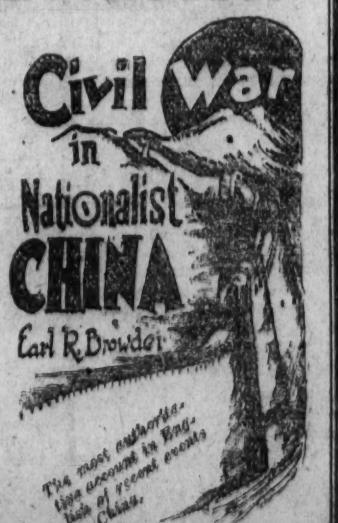
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This more authoritative account in English of recent events in China.

"An Education to the Visitor"

FIVE OF THE DEFENDANTS AFTER THE THIRD DEGREE



District Attorney Wm. W. Kleiman has himself photographed with five of the six workers arrested in the police frame-up of foreign born toilers after the harmless bomb explosion at the Brooklyn city hall. The district attorney is at the extreme left, and the workers shown, are from left to right: Eugene Fernandez, Julian de Hoyos, Mario Medrano, Jesus Silva and Jose Roa Christoval. They show evidence of police brutality.

CHINESE STUDENT CONFERENCE PUTS REVOLT ON AGENDA

Also Invites Browder and Gomez to Address

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 7.—The Mid-Western Section of the Chinese Students' Alliance in the U. S. A. opened its Eleventh Annual Conference here today, with as chief items on its agenda the subjects, "The Abrogation of China's Unequal Treaties," and the relationship between nationalism and Communism in China.

In answer to an invitation from the alliance thru T. C. Li, its secretary of program committee, to address their conference on "any phase of the general topic, "The Chinese Revolution," Earl Browder, recently returned from China, sent Secretary Li the following:

"Please extend the Chinese Students' Alliance my fraternal greetings and best wishes for successful work. I deeply regret that the convention of the Workers (Communist) Party prevents me from accepting your kind invitation.

"The Chinese revolution today is the pivot of world political developments. The revolution must proceed to a drastic solution of its fundamental problems: particularly the land must be given to those who work it.

"The recent turn of Wuhan policy towards suppression of mass movements constitutes a most serious threat against a successful revolution.

The courageous statement of Mme. Sun Yat-sen denouncing the Wuhan government's policy as a surrender to Chiang Kai-shekism points a propitious line which has been endorsed by the central committee of the Kuomintang in America. It is in sincere hope that this line, supporting the workers and peasants, which is the policy of Sun Yat-sen, will receive the unanimous support of the Chinese Students' Alliance.

"With warmest greetings, EARL BROWDER."

The conference expects the attendance of Manuel Gomez, secretary of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League, who has been invited to address it. Gomez was delegate to the Brussels anti-imperialist congress several months ago, at which representatives of the Kuomintang took a very prominent part.

The convention will last several days, and will be addressed by many speakers, both Chinese and Western.

Practically all the Chinese students in America belong to the alliance.

Women Channel Swimmer Game.

DOVER, England, Sept. 7.—Mrs. Mille Gade Garsón, of New York who failed yesterday in her attempt to swim the English channel from the English side to France, announced today that she will make another attempt next year.

The Soviet Union Hears of Sacco-Vanzetti Execution

MOSCOW (By Mail).—The protest movement in many towns of the Soviet Union against the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti has been a mighty demonstration of the international solidarity of the proletariat and an impressive proclamation of faithfulness to the Comintern and C. P. S. U.

Meetings were again held in Moscow, Leningrad and other cities, at which the speakers denounced the monstrous treachery of the bourgeois executioners, and called upon the workers to join the International Red Aid to work with greater energy in its ranks, and to take part in the efforts for the defense of the Soviet Union.

The resolutions passed were given the power of decisions and emphasized these slogans: Every work and factor joins its own words of condemnation for the murderers and its own words of appeal to the workers of the whole world to raise a fresh storm of protest, to close their ranks beneath the banner of the Comintern, and to fight against the social traitors of every political shade and tendency who have done nothing to save Sacco and Vanzetti from the clutches of their masters.

Twenty thousand workers took part in the demonstrations at Leningrad. Posters called upon the international proletariat to utter "unanimous protest against this vile murderer, and to join the united front of the proletariat of the world." Meetings attended by both crews and officers were held on all the ships, and everywhere in the Baltic fleet. All the ships in the merchant vessel docks at Leningrad have hung their flags at half mast.

Preparedness for the fight against this terror means the maintenance of the unimpeded unity of the international proletariat on the basis of the struggle against the offensive of capital, against the war danger, and against the treachery of the leaders of the rotting Amsterdam and Second Internationals. The insolent cruelty of the bourgeoisie cannot be crushed so long as the forces of the international proletariat are scattered, and so long as the workers are led by the middlemen and lackeys of the bourgeoisie, who have not taken one single definite step towards the release of Sacco and Vanzetti, but rather a loud lament if the Soviet Union deals a blow at the white guards in self defense.

The proletariat of the Soviet Union has vanquished the bourgeoisie in bloody battle, and knows from experience what bourgeois terror is, especially when the bourgeoisie gives way to brute rage. The proletariat of the Soviet Union feels the approach of the tempest of imperialist war, and it recognizes in this execution one link in the chain of the offensive of international capital, one more insolent derision of

"refusal to have anything to do with the state," but in an unwearying struggle of the proletariat to gain possession of power.

The political significance of the Sacco and Vanzetti affair, and the political import of the struggle of the workers in this special case, will not be recognized by those who fail to identify this execution of two American workers with international reaction with the present period of reactionary offensive against the proletariat, against the first workers' state and against the Chinese revolution.

From this is the indignation of the proletariat must not only be expressed in declamations on the "justice" and "lack of objectivity" of the American courts of justice. The indignation of the proletariat must be guided into the path of the really proletarian struggle against the principles of capitalist rule.

Sacco and Vanzetti are not the first martyrs in the cause of the proletariat, nor will they be the last.

The future will bring us even more frightful examples of bourgeois terror.

Preparedness for the fight against this terror means the maintenance of the unimpeded unity of the international proletariat on the basis of the struggle against the offensive of capital, against the war danger, and against the treachery of the leaders of the rotting Amsterdam and Second Internationals. The insolent cruelty of the bourgeoisie cannot be crushed so long as the forces of the international proletariat are scattered, and so long as the workers are led by the middlemen and lackeys of the bourgeoisie, who have not taken one single definite step towards the release of Sacco and Vanzetti, but rather a loud lament if the Soviet Union deals a blow at the white guards in self defense.

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MOSCOW WORKERS GREET MME. SUN AND EUGENE CHEN

Spokesmen for U.S.S.R. Hail Chinese Masses

MOSCOW, Sept. 7.—Mme. Sun Yat-sen and Eugene Chen, former foreign minister of the Wuhan government received an enthusiastic reception when they arrived here today. They were met at the station by numerous delegations of the Chinese community, students of Sun Yat-sen University of Moscow, representatives of the Peoples Foreign Commissariat and hundreds of workingmen and women.

Wang Tao-ping, speaking in the name of the Chinese Moscow community declared:

Denounce Traditions.

"Chiang Kai-shek, Feng Yu-hsiang and other traitors are trying to cover their actions by the teachings of the great Chinese revolutionary, Sun Yat-sen. We with our class feeling are convinced that if Sun Yat-sen were living such renegades would not dare use his name for their own adventurous ends.

"We Chinese who have been living several years in the Soviet Union feel ourselves full-righted members of the toiling masses of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, and therefore we realize why Sun Yat-sen so profoundly believed in the friendship with the first Workers and Peasants' state in the world. We are convinced that the Communist Party is the true vanguard of the toiling masses and for that reason has been able to conquer external and internal revolution and has led the Soviet Union to the victory which it will celebrate with the world proletariat at its tenth anniversary."

Pope, representative of the Moscow Soviet, declared:

"The workers of the Soviet Union who have been closely following the development of the Chinese revolution believe that in spite of the temporary defeat the true revolutionaries of China will be triumphant."

The women workers of the Matveeva mill greeted the Chinese revolutionary women thru Mme. Sun Yat-sen who are following the path of the Russian women.

Mme. Sen Greets Russian Workers.

Sun Yat-sen's widow published in the press the following greeting to the proletariat of the U.S.S.R.:

"The left Kuomintang is a revolutionary organization struggling for the toilers of China from the yoke of foreign imperialism and internal exploiters. It speaks on behalf of millions of oppressed masses which from our own midst produce a cadre of true revolutionaries fighting for the establishment of the power of the working class in China."

In greeting to the proletariat of the Soviet Union by Mme. Sun on behalf of the revolutionary masses of China she declares "the bonds uniting us Chinese revolutionaries with our revolutionary brethren of the U.S.S.R. are indissoluble."

Betrayal of Generals.

"The betrayals of the generals," it continued, "under cover of the name of the Kuomintang and false leaders cannot break our fighting union. I am happy that I can personally convey to the first victorious proletariat of the world the deepest gratitude of the Chinese toilers for the sympathy and support which it rendered and is rendering to the Chinese revolution.

"Long live the revolutionary union of the proletariat of the U.S.S.R. and the Chinese toilers."

Three States Claim Roth.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 7.—Carl A. Roth, arrested at the request of Baltimore police on a charge of forgery, also is wanted in Waltham, Mass., and Waterbury, Conn., local police were advised today.

Roth has refused to waive extradition to return to Baltimore and now promises to become the center of a three state fight for his custody. He is suspected by local police of being a member of a giant bond swindle ring.

They say Roth was attempting to make his getaway, to sail for Europe, when they captured him.

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Mayor Walker--Apostle of Fascism.

Mayor James J. Walker of New York, Tammany Hall's latest "find," has become an ardent apostle of fascism and hails Mussolini as the greatest figure in the world. It is quite in keeping with the well-known bombastic vaporings of Walker that he should shower flattery upon the braggart despot of Italy. Defenders of the "new psychology" might see in Walker's declaration that "I am something of a fascist myself" evidence of an inferiority complex. This former writer of popular songs and one of the figures of Broadway night life, a flippant and paltry individual, admires the Mussolini myth of a powerful dictator. The weakling Frederick Nietzsche was the apostle of the superman—his opposite, Walker, the figure-head placed in the city hall by Tammany, grovels before Mussolini. It is a good case for the psycho-analysts. But such things cannot be explained as merely individual reactions. The explanation is rather to be sought in social forces.

During the Walker administration the working class of New York, or specifically that portion of the working class that dares challenge the despotism of the capitalists, has been subjected to the most frightful police terrorism. The cloak makers, the furriers, the window cleaners, the paper box makers, the shoe workers and all others who went on strike have faced the fury of the industrial squad, the special strike-breaking branch of the police department. Tammany judges have handed down vicious decisions against hundreds of workers and in general the city administration has appeared openly and brazenly as a terroristic strike-breaker. Walker, as mayor, unquestionably approves such assaults upon labor. When he reached Italy and saw the workers suffering in chains and silence under the monstrous oppression of fascism, he instantly expressed his full sympathy with that sort of "law and order."

This praise of fascism is to be expected from a Tammany mayor. However, the supporters of Walker in the Central Trades and Labor Council of New York City will have a difficult time explaining their support of an open apostle of fascism if the members of that body who have voted against fascism as a menace to labor have the courage to get up on the floor of the meetings and demand repudiation of Walker.

Not only would a fight to repudiate Walker do much to expose the anti-labor character of Tammany, but would be an effective weapon in the hands of those workers who perceive the necessity for workers to organize politically in a class party of labor as opposed to the old parties of capitalism.

Further Attacks Against Foreign-Born Workers

Let no one think that the arrests of the Mexican and other Latin-American workers on charges of possessing explosives and who are accused of complicity in the bombing of the Brooklyn court house is a purely local matter. It is part of the nation-wide campaign that is being conducted under the direction of the secretary of labor in the federal government at Washington. It is the signal for a wholesale rounding up of Mexican and other workers from the Southern republics who were especially singled out in the vicious attack upon foreign-born workers launched by James J. Davis, secretary of labor in the Coolidge cabinet. Already the kept press reports that the government is to start this business of terrorizing workers who may be suspected of having crossed the Mexican border in violation of the immigration restrictions.

The weird stores in the press, the reports of policemen and the general tone of the news stories concerning the arrests of the Latin-Americans are the familiar trappings of the frame-up. The legal advisers of the Mexican consul were quick to sense this phase of the case and to declare that they want no repetition of the Sacco-Vanzetti case against their citizens who are working here.

This is a case that merits the closest observation on the part of labor and no one who has the welfare of labor uppermost in his mind should for a moment yield to the illusion that this is an ordinary case of "bomb plotting." As a measure toward the defense of labor in general it is absolutely imperative that all forces capable of being mobilized must be used to stem these attacks upon the foreign-born workers.

Registering and finger-printing of foreign-born workers is only the first step in the direction of regimentalizing all labor—cataloging every worker—so that the exploiters will have a complete record of every worker who dares to defend his class interests and is at the same time part of the gigantic activity being conducted by the war mongers so that in the shortest possible time the country can be placed on a war basis. So in the last analysis, the struggle to defend these alien workers who are in this country, is a struggle in behalf not only of the conditions of labor but of the very lives of millions of the working class who are potential cannon fodder for the next imperialist war.

CHARLESTOWN

Here Sacco and Vanzetti died.
Their blood is on those stones,
The grim walls heard them when they sighed
And mocked their anguished groans.

Here barred and grated windows stare
With blind eyes at the day
As if the horrors of the chair
Had driven sight away.

Ah, Infamous, the day shall come
When on those ruins we'll rear
A hallowed shrine, a sacred tomb,
To them you murdered there!

—HENRY GEORGE WEISS.

The Communist International, The War Danger and the Role of American Imperialism

Speech of ROBT. MINOR
At Workers' Party Convention.

THIS is in a certain sense a report on activities in Moscow during the past year. But in a practical sense my report deals chiefly with the question of the war danger, not omitting, of course, the other subjects as indicated in the title. During the past year the Comintern has given attention to some of the most important questions that have ever faced it since its organization. The questions which we faced in the VII Enlarged Plenum of the Executive Committee of the Communist International are to what extent repeated in the questions which we faced in the last Plenum in the month of May. Most of what I will have to say relates to the actions of the last Plenum of the Executive Committee.

First of all this extraordinary session of the Comintern Executive was not a routine session. It was called, not simply because there hadn't been a session for a certain time, but because of an extraordinary international situation requiring decisions and instructions to all of the Communist parties of the world. Instructions for action, not mere theoretical explanations of some fine-spun points, but instructions as to what concrete actions the Communist parties are to put through in the immediate present. There was a series of events of a very startling nature which led up to the calling of this session of the Executive. There was the development of the Chinese Revolution, a revolution which broke so many historical precedents in the sense of furnishing new experiences, that it was absolutely imperative for the parties to receive an orientation. There was the intervention in China, the intervention which meant much more than the crushing of a national revolution in a single country, even tremendously important as such would be. There was the breaking off of diplomatic relations between the leading imperialist power of the European half of the world, and the Soviet Union. There was, in other words, an acute development of a world war situation requiring the mobilization of every revolutionary power of the working class of the world. The war of 1914 proved to be a breaking point or point of destruction of the old Socialist International. The world war which is coming must be met by the Communist parties of the world showing the workers that they are fundamentally different from the Social Democratic parties. Instead of proving the destruction of the Communist parties and their International, this coming world war must prove the victory of the Communist parties and our International.

WHAT do we say today is the dominant difference, or great difference between the present pre-war period and the pre-war period of 1913? It is the existence of the Soviet Union and the existence of the Chinese revolution. These great outstanding facts alter the entire situation. Soviet Russia and China are their key positions in the whole world situation. From the economic standpoint they occupy territorially the greater part of Asia and Europe. Together they mean a hole, a gap in the capitalist commercial system, they represent a gap which the capitalists in the approaching world war in the logic of their system will and must attempt to fill.

THE situation leading up to this period is interesting. In the first place enormous strides were made by our Soviet Union. In the last few months, in only so much as 8 months for instance, the output of the state industry which is such a great test of the building of socialism, has increased between 20 and 21 percent in only eight months. This rate of progress had been almost equalled in the months preceding. Soviet Russia is truly being transformed, truly they are building the new society of which the revolutionary workers for three quarters of a century or more have been speaking of. The raise in the standard of living of the working class in the last year has been remarkable. There has been an increase of the wages of the workers of the Soviet Union of eleven and one-half per cent over last year. The significance to the capitalist world system, of the successful socialist construction in the Soviet Union, is a thing which I think is little understood. It is not a matter of gravest concern to every capitalist power which is interested in the question of markets.

On the other hand we see the great British Empire, up till now the greatest empire that ever existed in the history of the world, an empire which had enjoyed an undisputed monopoly in the world market and hegemony of the world's capitalist forces. England had undergone a crumbling process, a process weakening its foundations. England finally reached the general strike, which in spite of royal and defeat was the writing on the wall. England was in a position where in the logic of capitalist policy it was obliged to proceed on a blood-thirsty career of war and destruction in the effort to save its imperial self.

But England again secured what it had lost a few months earlier. It again secured hegemony of European continental affairs. England was busy in mobilizing the small border states, Poland, Lithuania, Roumania, and other countries for an encirclement of Soviet Russia, a policy of war in the immediate or the early future for the destruction of the Soviet Union. There was discovered in the Ukraine a conspiracy financed by Great Britain. There were repeated disclosures of terrorist plans, some of which were executed under the pay of the British government, the character of which showed that there was on foot a war movement organized chiefly by Great Britain with the object of destruction in the first place of the Soviet Union and the Chinese revolution.

THERE had been disarmament conferences, in every one of which the purpose of each of these "pacific" imperialist nations was to arrive at

a relative increase of its own armaments.

There had been revolts in a series of countries from Morocco and Syria to Indonesia; and then the great Chinese revolution had burst upon the world. Revolts of colonial peoples were added to the many "small" war incidents between the smaller nations; chief in the Balkans.

From these little wars the capitalist imperialist world was rapidly approaching them, as it still is, the great war which we see lying in the future. For that reason it was necessary that the first and the dominant point upon the order of business of the Comintern in this session should be the war and the danger of war. Capitalism has been in the process of what we call "deterioration" since the world war of the past. The cycles of prosperity and depression have lost their regular course as in the past. There are no longer periods, as far as Europe is concerned, of long prosperity with periods of short depression. There are now periods of brief, feverish booms interlaced with long and dangerous depressions. Competition for the narrowing field of world markets and sources of raw material is sharper today than ever before and much sharper than even before the competition which preceded the war of 1914. As a result of the conditions of the war period national industries had been developed in the colonial and semi-colonial countries which take the place in the world market of many of the home industries of the imperialist countries. These had served to diminish the field, and to upset that equilibrium which is established at the times of normal capitalist existence. The equilibrium which has existed to a certain extent, the relative stabilization which we have repeatedly recognized in the Comintern, this equilibrium is approaching its upset, and was even before the Plenum approaching the upset which will result in the world crash.

WHAT do we say today is the dominant difference, or great difference between the present pre-war period and the pre-war period of 1913? It is the existence of the Soviet Union and the existence of the Chinese revolution. These great outstanding facts alter the entire situation. Soviet Russia and China are their key positions in the whole world situation. From the economic standpoint they occupy territorially the greater part of Asia and Europe. Together they mean a hole, a gap in the capitalist commercial system, they represent a gap which the capitalists in the approaching world war in the logic of their system will and must attempt to fill.

A victory of the Chinese revolution will be in the first place effect the British Empire. The first effect on the imperialist world would mean the final break in the foundation of the British imperial system, the revolutionizing of the British working class, the revolutionizing of its colonial dependents. That is an explanation of the fact that the Comintern has stated in the thesis which we adopted there that the British Empire first of all is the leader in the imperialist aggression of the present period. On the other hand the defeat of the Chinese revolution would mean fresh temporary consolidation of the imperialist system of the leading nations and a general sweep of reaction throughout all of the world without exception. For the imperialist powers, and in the first place in the point of view of the British Empire, everything is at stake in the crushing of the Chinese revolution. In any event the war for subjugation of Asia by the imperialist powers (Roumania, etc.) developing their own internal machinery for the prevention and suppression of the national Minorities Movements which threaten these governments in the case of war. That is the mobilization of the rear.

(To Be Continued)

WOMEN WORKERS!

The United Council of Workingclass Housewives has mobilized its membership thousands strong in New York, New Jersey, to help collect funds for the Jewish workers in Soviet Russia and thus enable them to become productive, thru the Icor Flower Days, Saturday and Sunday, September 10 and 11.

Meetings Every Night.

Special meetings all this week by all councils are being held daily, several hundred boxes have already been passed out to the members with promising results. A mass meeting at the United Cooperative was held by council 11.

Passaic Polish Women Help.

The wives of the Textile Strikers and strikers of Passaic have informed the Executive office of the Councils that they cannot collect funds in the open in Passaic but that they will have a picnic for that purpose.

Newark Finnish Women.

A letter from the Newark Finnish Council also promises support.

United Council Appeals to Other Women.

The executive office of the United Council of Workingclass Housewives calls upon the many thousands of women followers to enlist in this work. The Councils all thru New York in every neighborhood have stations. Call all week either to the individual councils of the main office, Room 533, 80 E. 11th St.

DRAMA

"Revelry" May Open at Theatre Mosque Tomorrow Night

"Revelry" may open at the Theatre Mosque tomorrow night. Henry L. Chanin of the Chanin Theatre Corp. owners of the playhouse in question, made that statement yesterday, following the closing of the play at the Garrick Theatre in Philadelphia.

"Revelry," which was dramatized by Maurice Watkins from the book by Samuel Hopkins Adams, deals with certain phases of the Harding administration, and for that reason the big moguls of Philadelphia decided that the play could not continue. The Stanley Company, owners of the Garrick, closed the production, following an announcement by Judge James Gay Gordon, Jr., in his refusal to issue an injunction against the play, but denounced it as "false, base and indecent." The Stanley Company in a statement following the closing of the show stated that they "considered the theme so essentially unpatriotic that any further revision would be useless." Robert Milton, the producer of "Revelry," through his attorney, stated he would not abandon the production because he is producing it as a good type of play on the current American scene and for its dramatic value.



In "The Grand Street Follies," now crowding the capacity of the Little Theatre.

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Brian Marlow, with Mary Nash, Basil Rathbone, Violent Kemble Cooper and Henry Stephenson in the cast, will have its premiere at the Longacre Theatre Monday evening, Sept. 19.

Dorothy Day and Vincent Sardi, Jr., have been engaged for prominent roles in "Send No Money," Owen Winters' new comedy, which is due here shortly.

"The Command to Love," by Rudolph Lothar and Fritz Gottwald, adapted by Herman Bernstein and

E. Erickson, Berkeley, Calif....	1.00
H. Rutland, Casper, Calif....	1.00
A Friend, Springfield, O....	1.00
J. A. Rehm, Springfield, O....	1.00
V. A. Davidson, Scranton, Pa. (collected).....	17.00
N. Panovitz, Pitts, Pa.	5.00
A. Reitano, Troy, N. Y....	1.00
A. West, Bridgeport, Conn....	1.00
G. Nickoloff, Toledo, Ohio....	5.00
C. Sterrett, Toledo, Ohio....	2.00
R. Mundling, Toledo, Ohio....	1.00
H. West, Toledo, Ohio....	2.00
P. C. Reiss, Chicago, Col. (collected).....	10.00
G. Daubeneck, Casper, Calif....	5.00
A. Gloss, Elmhurst, L. I....	2.00
E. Agallo, Three Forks, Mont....	2.00
E. Mulfinger, N. Y. C.	1.00
Window Cleaners, Local 8, NYC. 5.00	
P. Friedrichson, Carmel, Calif....	\$2.00
A. Kratofil, Norwalk, Ohio....	4.00
L. Monson, Elbow Lake, Minn....	3.00
T. Miura, San Francisco, Cal.	3.00
G. Nickoloff, Toledo, Ohio....	5.00
C. Sterrett, Toledo, Ohio....	2.00
R. Mundling, Toledo, Ohio....	1.00
H. West, Toledo, Ohio....	2.00
J. Auert, Uxah, Calif....	5.00
G. Daubeneck, Casper, Calif....	5.00
H. De Verney, Kansas City, Mo....	2.00
Workers' Party, By Karel C. Mo. 20.00	
Amer. Strat. Pr. M. U.S.S.R. 42.00	
J. Zuparke, Hillside, N. J....	50
A. Anglo, Hillside, N. J....	50
T. Tidy, Hillside, N. J....	25
P. Yamasaki, Oakland, Calif....	1.00
G. Nagura, Oakland, Calif....	1.00
A. G. Arness, Pequot, Minn....	2.00
J. Thinschneid, Phila, Pa.	1.00
H. Lawrence, Ft. Worth, Texas....	25.00
E. A. McCabe, Durango, Colo....	1.00
M. H. Smith, Durango, Colo....	1.00
S. Kelly, Faifa, Colo....	1.00
L. Schoeler, Falfa, Colo....	1.00
F. Wride, Durango,	

POLICE FRAME-UP CHARACTERIZES THIS LABOR DAY

**Collaborate, Says Green
As Cops Arrest Victims**

Attempting no mass parades or meetings at a time when two million New Yorkers were week-ending in the country the official labor movement of the city held quiet memorial exercises by the Benjamin Franklin Statue on Printing House Square.

President William Green of the American Federation of Labor laid the wreath on the philosopher's statue and invited him, saying, "Benjamin Franklin, workers' friend and printer, particularly belonged to labor. The printers are happy to claim him as their patron saint, but he belongs to labor as a whole. He was truly a leader in the fight for freedom and democracy, and it is appropriate that we should today renew our devotion to his principles."

Inscribed on the wreath was Franklin's epigram: "He that hath a trade hath an estate."

Sailors Race.

Off the Battery seawall the sailors were celebrating Labor Day in more stirring fashion. Under the auspices of the Neptune Association of Masters and Mates, an officers' union, a brilliant lifeboat race was being staged and new records being made.

Brawny armed Scandinavian seamen came out first second and third in the mile event, the winning crew of Norse sailors taking the mile in 35 minutes, 27 seconds, against a headwind. The sailors were Norse but the ship they came from was the South American Line freighter Secundo.

At night Green talked over WEAF of the aims and accomplishments of labor, saying: "Social justice demands that we should diligently endeavor to find a just solution for the problems of unemployment, workers' dependency, adequate compensation for all accidents arising out of the course of employment, child labor, industrial waste—both human and material—and the prevention of occupational diseases." Cooperation between men and management, he hoped, would come enduring industrial peace.

New Police Frame-Up.
And in Brooklyn six Latin Americans, arrested in a tenement house were featured by the police and newspapers as bomb-throwing anarchists. Radicals who have witnessed police frame-ups before are suspiciously awaiting developments. The arrests, meanwhile, are furnishing the authorities with the opportunity to beat the anti-radical tom-tom as it has so often been beaten before.

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Philippine Senate Pays Wood's Traveling Debts But Protests Injustice

MANILA, Sept. 7.—Out of respect for a dead man and not because they recognize the debt is a just one, the Philippine senate has agreed to make the payment of \$20,000 for the traveling expenses of the late Governor-General Leonard Wood. The appropriation follows a refusal by the senate to pay the late general's debts. Pressure was brought to bear by the authorities in power in the islands and the authorization was made.

President William Green of the American Federation of Labor laid the wreath on the philosopher's statue and invited him, saying, "Benjamin Franklin, workers' friend and printer, particularly belonged to labor. The printers are happy to claim him as their patron saint, but he belongs to labor as a whole. He was truly a leader in the fight for freedom and democracy, and it is appropriate that we should today renew our devotion to his principles."

Inscribed on the wreath was Franklin's epigram: "He that hath a trade hath an estate."

U. S. Plans to Kill Nicaraguans Who Fight Imperialism

BLUEFIELDS, Nicaragua, Sept. 7.—An ultimatum giving General Carlos Salgado, leader of the Nicaraguan Liberal forces, until Sunday to lay down his arms and to disband his troops, has been sent by the United States military authorities to Cebacuquera where the Liberal army was last reported. The American officials compelled the Nicaraguan federal authorities to unite with them in signing the ultimatum.

Marines Enforce It.

The American demands are announced as part of a definite campaign by the United States marines and the American-officered Nicaraguan federal constabulary to force the Liberal generals, Sandino and Salgado, to lay down their arms. Sandino is especially an object of American hatred, as he recently seized and defended a Nicaraguan mining property worked by American capital against United States marines.

Reports of engagements with the Liberals are coming into Managua.

On Sept. 2, a constabulary patrol engaged a Liberal detachment near Quilalí. On Sept. 3, constabulary patrols engaged troops of Salgado's men near Tepaleco and later in the same day United States marines attacked detachments of the Liberals. Generals Sandino and Salgado refused to obey the order for all Liberals to disband their armies which was imposed upon the former Liberal general, Moncada.

Policeman Graham Who Murdered, Claims That He is Out of His Mind

Counsel for Patrolman Daniel J. Graham appeared yesterday before General Sessions Judge Collins and tried to amend Graham's plea to his murder indictment from "not guilty" to "not guilty on the grounds of insanity."

The policeman is now in the Tomb, held on a first degree murder indictment for the killing of Judson H. Pratt, paymaster, who was killed and robbed of \$4,700, Aug. 27. Leonard A. Snitkin, who, with Major Thomas McDonald, is defending Graham, made the notice of a motion to amend the plea. Snitkin said he will now ask the court to appoint a lunacy commission to examine Graham.

**BUY THE DAILY WORKER
AT THE NEWSSTANDS**

SOME LEADING FIGURES AT WORKERS PARTY CONVENTION



Joint Board Furrier Locals Meet Tonight, To Nominate Officers

Membership meetings of Locals 1, 5, 10 and 15 of the Joint Board Furriers' Union, which were postponed from last Thursday will be held tonight at 8 p.m.

Fur Cutters' Local 1 will meet in Stuyvesant Casino, 142 2nd Ave.

Fur Operators' Local 5—in Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Pl. (Victoria Room).

Fur Nailers' Local 10—in Irving Plaza (ground floor).

Fur Finishers' Local 15—Stuyvesant Casino.

An announcement last week, these membership meetings will be held for the purpose of making first and last nominations for all paid and unpaid officers of the union.

Nominations will be made from the floor and it is most important that all fur workers—both registered and unregistered—shall be present to take part in these meetings.

The Joint Board is reorganizing the union machinery in order to begin the constructive work of rebuilding the union and thus ending the intolerable conditions in the fur industry. The united efforts of all workers is needed to carry out the task which lies before the union.

It is in the interest of every fur worker that the union be rebuilt as quickly as possible. The job begins with the nominations for officers at the Thursday night meetings.

Organization Drive Meeting of Paper Box Makers Tonight

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The American Destroyer Parrott opened fire upon Chinese on the Yangtze River just above Nanking, Admiral C. S. Williams, Commander-in-Chief of the Asiatic Fleet, reported to the Navy Department today.

Three and four-inch guns and machine guns were used by the destroyer. The Chinese casualties are unknown. The bombardment started when the destroyer was hit by a few stray machine gun bullets.

B. Friedman, the manager, stated yesterday: "With the large increase in membership and the backing of the American Federal of Labor, the union is in a stronger position than it has been since last winter's strike. Our members are willing and the union is in a position to have another fight with the bosses, if necessary, but we hope and believe negotiations can be made peacefully."

Shortly after the Paper Box Makers' Union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, last July, a committee of trade-unionists, representing 800,000 workers who work on commodities for which paper boxes are extensively used, pledged the union their full support. Members of this committee expected at tonight's meeting, represent the American Federation of Labor, Central Trades and Labor Council of Greater New York, United Hebrew Trades, International Brotherhood of Pulp, Sulphite and Paper Mill Workers' Union, Cloth, Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' International Union, International Jewelry Workers' Union, United Neckwear Makers' Union, Suspender and Garter Makers' Union and the Women's Trade Union League.

**Post Office Laborers
Re-elect Flynn Pres.
At Buffalo Convention**

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Edward J. Flynn of Chicago, was re-elected president of the National Association of Post Office Laborers at the close of the 12th annual convention today. Brooklyn was chosen as the next convention city. Other officers chosen were: Thomas A. Coughlin, Boston, first vice-president; George H. Feby, Buffalo, second vice-president; Oscar Greer, St. Louis, treasurer; James M. O'Sullivan, Boston, financial secretary.

**Paris Cops Must Learn
English for Legion to
Have That Good Time**

PARIS, Sept. 7.—Hundreds of Paris police, who were lately firing on the Sacco and Vanzetti demonstrators, but now have to protect and amuse the American Legionnaires on their visits to Paris' night life, are learning to speak English. Herded into the big court of the Central Station, the gendarmes heard Prof. Conrad, the official police interpreter, explain how to order in English the drinks and other commodities which the American Legionnaires desire in France.

English lessons are the outcome of the confusion resulting from the efforts of the Legionnaires, most of whom have never been to Paris and cannot make themselves understood to accomplish some of the things for which they came to Paris. Besides, the khaki-tourists are complaining that no one in Paris will have anything to do with them and, as they are always under police protection, they must talk to someone, if it is only a policeman.

Practically defying Jackson to sue him for criminal libel, Curley said, "One of us has been guilty or is guilty."

Referring to Jackson's general denial of the charge, issued yesterday, Curley said, "If the proper tribunal should decide that the evidence on which I printed that statement is as convincing to them as it was to me, then they can properly apply the remedy under your own interpretation of the legal meaning of these facts."

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Communist International on the International Situation

(Resolution passed by the Joint Plenum of the C. C. and the C. C. C., after hearing Comrade Bukharin's report of the 9th August, 1927.)

(Continuation)

The E. C. C. I. has very rightly rejected the abstract slogan of peace for the coming period, and has chosen the concrete slogan of the defense of the Russian and Chinese revolutions, the preparation for the proletarian general strike and insurrection against imperialism, and the combating of that strike phraseology adopted by the reformist leaders who are in reality supporting imperialism.

14. The issue of the coming war will depend in the main on the comparative class forces in the West, and still more in the Soviet Union and in China. The estimate of the situation formed by the opposition ("Swing to the right") on the part of the working class in the West, actual degeneration of the government of the Soviet Union, or in other words the denial of the actual leading role played by the proletariat both in the sphere of economy and of the state policy of the Soviet Union (in general), is in its essence a false and defeatist standpoint towards the Soviet Union. (The main trend in the Western proletariat is towards the Left, even though this is accompanied by a Right trend on the part of the leading aristocratic elements.) The main trend in the Soviet Union is the process of the firmer establishment of socialist economics, even though this is accompanied by a greater activity of the strata hostile to the proletariat—the Neph-men, the bourgeois intellectuals, nationalist counter-revolutionary tendencies, etc.). The theories of the opposition are equally wrong when they assume a rupture of the bloc between workers and peasants in the case of war, and when they oppose a proletarian war to a people's war.

As a matter of fact, the proletariat will not carry on a war forced upon it as an isolated class, but as a hegemonic class, carrying with it the broad strata of the masses of the people.

15. The opposition is endeavoring to circulate the slander that the blame for the approach of war danger is to be attributed to the "wrong" policy pursued by the Party, and that imperialism is preparing to attack us because we have become weaker. Such an "explanation" as this of the war danger betrays not only to a maximum of fractional blindness and factional madness in the opposition, but a complete lack of comprehension of the objective reasons rendering an aggravation of the antagonisms between imperialism and the Soviet Union inevitable in the given stage of development. (The stabilization of capitalism, accompanied by constant crises in the background, the Chinese revolution, our growth.)

Such an "analysis" of the causes of the impending war against the Soviet Union, in fact, weakens the forces of the international proletariat, places a trump in the hands of social democracy, and actually helps the bourgeoisie by its distortion of facts.

16. The social democrats are endeavoring, by means of propaganda for co-operation between the classes and for coalition, by means of participation in the League of Nations, of active participation in war preparations (Bonneau law), and of systematic agitation against the Soviet Union, to secure for themselves, with the aid of the so-called "Left" wing, the leadership of the growing cadre of radically inclining workers. While the Right social democrats, who are openly hostile to the Soviet Union and openly counter-revolutionary (Kautsky, MacDonald, Renouard), are falling more and more into discredit with the working class, the "Left" (Otto Bauer, Levi, Longuet, etc.), pursue a much more skilful policy of deception of the working class, and even "defend" the Soviet Union at times in words, only to take sides with the bourgeoisie when the decisive movement comes.

The exposure of the "Left" wing is one of the most urgent tasks of the Comintern. The betrayal of the general strike and the miners' struggle in Great Britain, and the social chauvinist attitude adopted with respect to the question of imperialist war against the Soviet Union, have unmasked the "Left" members of the General Council and the leaders of Amsterdam (Purcell, Hicks & Co.) in the eyes of the broad masses of the workers. The betrayal of the rising in Vienna has completely exposed the true character of the strongest and best organized section of the "Left" wing of the Second International, the Austrian social democracy. These facts must be thoroughly utilized and turned to account by the Communists. Among the social democrats, our greatest enemy is the "Left," and our main fire must be concentrated upon it, for it is precisely the "Left" which helps the Second International to retain its hold upon the radically inclining cadres of the social democratic workers.

17. The social democratic party outcry over "Red imperialism," "Soviet shells," etc., can, however, make but little impression on the working masses. Therefore these masses are being "influenced" against the Soviet Union at the same time "from the Left" by the so-called "ultra Left" renegades of the stamp of Ruth Fischer-Maslov, Urbans-Korsch, etc.,

who work hand in hand with the openly Right renegades of the type of Souvarine, Rosmer, Monatte, etc.

This group is striving to isolate the Soviet Union from the revolutionary proletariat of the West, by means of slanders regarding an alleged degeneration of the Party and the Soviet power, to an undue Kulak influence, to Thermidor, etc., deriving all their arguments therefrom from the ideological arsenal of our opposition. In this manner the "ultra Left" counter-revolutionaries are trying to persuade the revolutionary proletariat of the West that the fate of the Soviet Union is quite a matter of indifference as regards the fate of the world revolution. Whilst the social democratic leaders are striving to bring the working masses into line with the bourgeois attack on the Soviet Union, the "leaders" of the ultra-Left apostates are striving to "neutralize" the working masses in the coming conflict between capital and labor.

The bloc with this group of apostates from Communism is the best proof of how far our opposition has fallen.

18. The swing to the Right on the part of the heads of the labor aristocracy and bureaucracy has again been evidenced in the treacherous attitude adopted by the leaders of the General Council and its representatives in the Anglo-Russian Committee.

The Communists in the General Council of the Trade Unions of the Soviet Union (A. U. C. T.) have in general correctly criticized the treacherous acts of the General Council. At the same time they have rightly abstained from taking upon themselves the responsibility for the splitting and dissolving of the Anglo-Russian Committee and have thus exposed to the last shred the treacherous tactics of the leaders of the General Council.

The A. U. C. T. U. must utilize its "legal possibility" of connection with the British trade unions to stigmatize systematically the treachery, the compromises, and the social imperialist measures of the leaders of the General Council. At the same time every effort must be made to animate the international work of the A. U. C. T. U. in the fight against war, against the offensive of capital, and for the unity of the trade union movement both in the West and in the East (see trade union conference of the countries of the Pacific Ocean, etc.). In the same way all efforts must be made for more energetic work in this direction on the part of the Red International of Labor Unions.

3. The Problem of the Chinese Revolution.

19. Three main lines of tactics could be laid down for a proletarian Party in the Chinese revolution—and three main lines have been laid down—all of which must be objectively evaluated, and each of which forms a different judgement on the Chinese revolution itself. The first line of tactics (the Right deviation, merging directly and immediately into Menshevism) assumes that until the victory over imperialism and the unification of China, it is necessary to maintain the unity of the national "revolutionary" front, including the bourgeoisie, in every stage of development, for which purpose many concessions must be made. (Hampering of the agrarian revolution and actual fight against it, hindering of the labor movement and combatting of the workers, etc., the necessity of "not frightening away the bourgeoisie"). The second line of tactics (the Trotskyist) rejects (though only later) on principle the admissibility of entering into any agreements or alliances with the bourgeoisie altogether, in any stage of development of the revolution. It assumes that agreements and alliances with the bourgeoisie can only weaken the proletariat, etc. The third line of tactics (the Leninist, carried out by the Comintern), finally, considers agreements with the bourgeoisie of the colonial and semi-colonial countries to be necessary, but only in certain stages of development, and under quite definite conditions. At the same time it maintains that these agreements are to be dissolved, and determined fight is to be waged on the former basis, as soon as the conditions of development have changed, the class forces have regrouped themselves, and the like.

(To Be Continued.)

Hoover Says He Won't Resign to Make Race To Become President

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 7.—Secretary of Commerce Hoover has no intention of conducting a campaign for the Republican Presidential nomination and will not resign from the Coolidge Cabinet, George Akerson, Hoover's assistant, announced today over long distance telephone.

The announcement put an end to reports published here that Hoover would resign next Monday and start a campaign for the presidency.

Poorhouses Undesirable.

Poorhouses might be American, but so were they nothing to be proud of. They separated mother and father in their declining years. In very few of them was the food better than in the jails and penitentiaries. Investigation showed that for the cost of an inmate in a county almshouse in Pennsylvania, three persons could be supported in their homes. The support of an almshouse inmate in Montana costs from three to five times as much as that of a pensioner.

Hunan, Seat of Reaction

By ANNA LOUISE STRONG.

CHIANGSHA, (By Mail)—The little Japanese river steamer is slowly poking its way up the Siang River towards Changsha, capital of Hunan. It is famous among Americans as the headquarters of Yale-in-China; it is also known as the spot where the worst excesses have occurred among peasants and workers behind the march of the Nationalists. Here it is said, the "Communists" had full swing, nationalizing lands, killing rich gentry.

Wuhan Militarists Murder Workers.

It is always difficult in these rumors to know what is meant by Communists. No responsible secretary of the Communist Party accepts responsibility for the actions charged against them; on the other hand, any honest leader who takes advantage of upset conditions to get revenge on a rich man who has ill-treated him is sure to be called a Communist.

Now, however, Hunan is the seat of reaction. The militarists (not those of the north but militarists claiming loyalty to the Hankow government) have put down the labor unions and the peasant unions with heavy hand. Everyone admits that they have killed dozens for every one killed by their opponents. In Changsha itself 120 labor and peasant leaders are reported executed. So order is restored, and excesses are over, since it is never an excess to kill a working man or peasant.

Imperialists Back Reaction.

I have again and again met employers, including missionaries employing servants, who have exulted in the fact that they were now able to break the agreements which they had duly made with their employees, "since the union has no power to enforce anything any more." It is the threat of foreign gunboats in the harbor which has deprived the union of force.

Two missionaries have told me the whole past year's history. Be it understood that they are very good missionaries, very sympathetic with Chinese Nationalist aims, utterly averse to any armed foreign intervention, tolerant of outrages even to their own property. Only, like all teachers when pupils want to grow up—well, judge for yourself.

Christian "Charity."

"We had trouble in October with servants," the missionaries said. "We knew it was coming; the union business was in the air. The first demand was for a flat increase of wages of \$3 American a month. We agreed to \$3 increase and refused to consider any of the other demands. They kept on working till we left in April."

Old Age Pension Advocated

(By Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Calif., Sept. 7.—Of the industrially developed nations, the United States, as a unit, stands alone in still applying 17th Century methods to 20th Century problems."

If you think the statement is false have it verified by writing to the American Association for Old Age Security, P. O. Box 1001, Harrisburg, Penna.

Its secretary, Abraham Epstein, author of "Facing Old Age" spoke at a meeting sponsored by the Los Angeles Central Labor Council in the Labor Temple, Wednesday night, Aug. 31st, to a group of workers who seemed to be thoroughly in accord with what was said.

Feeble-Minded Best Workers.

Epstein argued for security for men and women who have been denied the right to work in the richest country on earth. It was not the fault of workers themselves that they were poor today. It might have been so 50 years ago when there was plenty of free and fertile land on which able bodied persons could go and seek independence. Skill under modern industrial conditions was not the asset it used to be. Efficiency experts were even claiming that the feeble minded made the best workers.

Not a railroad in the country would give steady employment to skilled workers after the age of 45 or until skilled workers after they reached 35.

Security Lacking.

No one knew how to stay away from the poorhouse. In one year 300 banks had closed their doors robbing large numbers of workers of their meager savings. The average wage received was less than needed for the proper support of a family of five. Dependency in old age was not due to lack of thrift, but to circumstances over which the individual had no control. "Basis of prosperity," he said, "rests on spending money." He mentioned a group of European workers who visited and studied working conditions in this country a year ago. They said wages are from 50 to 100 per cent higher here than at home, but they preferred European low wages and more security.

Poorhouses Undesirable.

But there is nothing so political

observers say, to indicate that Hoover actually does not intend to run for the presidency, after the proper number of inspired "urgings" and messages from good Hoovers, etc.

"If these are received, Hoover will, in the intervals of his main task at present of mortgaging the flood victims, find time for a little politics.

THE resignation of Viscount Cecil from the British cabinet is regarded by president Coolidge as evidence that the gap between the positions of the United States and Great Britain on the question of naval disarmament is growing wider, according to a report from Rapid City, the summer white house.

Coolidge considers the matter discussed at the Geneva conference closed according to the same report, he said.

THE Herald-Tribune of Wednesday last presented us with an obvious faked Communist secret document as we have seen since the British government issued the famous "Zinoviev letter" that jerked Ramsay MacDonnell out of the premier's office. In this forgery which was alleged to have been taken from the secret archives of the Soviet embassy in Paris, a certain individual is instructed to repair to Bolivia, with the handsome expense account of one million francs with which to start a revolution in that country. According to O. Henry in Latin America in his day, but in those days of million-dollar plots the manufacturers of fake documents must speak in the vernacular.

THE discredited of the Latin American masses is not due to a mythical revolution agents spawned out of the sick brains of stool-pigeons and agents-provocateur. It is caused by the oppression and exploitation of foreign imperialism and their native tools. If the Communist International never existed, the exploited everywhere would continue to struggle against those who hold them in bondage. But the Communist International, in an intelligent and effective manner gives assistance to all oppressed peoples in their battle against tyranny and robbery.

they thought "good enough" to give \$6 a month to.

I asked if there had been any trouble with unions taking their buildings.

Unions Put Churches to Work.

"Lots of requests to use our church," they said. "We had such requests all the time, presented by men who were our own church members, but also prominent in the National movement. Some of these men we would have liked to accommodate, but if you let the labor union in one night, you have the Peasants' Union the next night, and then the Students' Union and the Women's Union. They would just use your place all the time."

After the missionaries left, they have rumors that various unions occupied their buildings.

Truth Worth \$6.00.

"The wage we paid our cooks was unusually high," they said. "Most mission cooks got \$4.50 a month, while business cooks may get \$7. But our cook, got \$6. Out of this they bought their own food, chiefly rice and vegetables, which cost about \$2 a month; but the mission furnished them with a room and with kerosene light.

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